Amendment	If CFA Position Prevails -	If CFA Position Fails - Who	Thumbs	
	Who Wins?	Wins?	Up/Thumbs	
			Down	
	Consumer Regulator			
Structure and Funding of	Consumers will win with the	Banks and other lenders, which		
Consumer Regulator:	establishment of a robust entity	have been able to convince		
CFA supports:	that is autonomous and has an	regulators that consumer		
 Senate provision that provides 	independent, inflation-adjusted	protections should be		
the regulator with a	funding source, that will insulate	subordinated to lenders' profits.		
Presidentially-appointed, Senate-	it from heavy political pressure by			
confirmed Director.	financial interests, allowing it to			
 Senate provision that fully funds 	make decisions that are in the best			
the regulator by a transfer from	interests of consumers.			
the Federal Reserve which will be				
adjusted annually based on				
inflation.				
If conferees support above structure				
and funding, CFA supports:				
House provision for a fully				
independent agency.	_			
Rule-Writing Authority:	Our troops, women, and	Auto dealers who are creditors or		
CFA supports:	communities of color, who are	brokers will continue to target		
Senate provision that provides	targeted by unscrupulous auto	our troops, women, and		
rulemaking authority over all	lenders, will benefit from CFPA	communities of color with		
major lenders, without an	rules that rein in abusive	fraudulent lending practices.		
exception for auto dealers who	practices.			
are creditors or brokers.				
CFA Opposes:				
Senate provision requiring the	CERPA 'II I I I I	.1 . 111 1 121		
agency to share proposed rules	CFPA will develop rules in a	Abusive small lenders, like		
with small businesses, including	timely manner, without undue	payday loan companies, that		

those that offer abusive financial products, like payday lenders, before getting input from the public. Enforcement Authority: CFA Supports: • House provision giving the agency authority over small nonbanks, including payday lenders, to rein in abusive lending practices. • House provision giving the agency back-up enforcement authority over small banks to guarantee consistent enforcement. • House provision on federal	influence from small business interests like payday lenders. The consumer regulator will be able to enact appropriate nationwide rules and states will be able to augment these rules to address emerging local problems. Consumers who bank at over 90 percent of financial institutions would have a regulator with back-up enforcement authority to bring cases arising from consumer complaints.	want to block or delay consumer protections. Payday lenders, debt collectors, and banks of less than \$10 billion in assets will be able to floute consumer protection rules due to lack of enforcement power from the consumer regulator. Strong state consumer protection laws could be gutted by preemption. States would be unable to act before local problems become national catastrophes that bring down the	
enforcement of CFPA rules, ensuring that federal bank regulators cannot attempt to preempt state law as it applies to national banks on consumer financial issues unless federal law has standards in place.	in fees for loans from nonbanks like payday lenders and auto lenders, consumers abused by consumer reporting agencies, and debt collectors will have a regulator without gaps in authority.		
Other Consumer Protection Provisions: CFA Supports: • House provision providing for	Consumers who would finally be able to rely on the FTC to enact rules in a timely manner, rather than the 7-10 years it currently	Companies that can continue to prey on consumers through telemarketing fraud, credit repair fraud, prepaid calling card fraud	

 enhanced rulemaking authority for the Federal Trade Commission to use the Administrative Procedures Act for rule-making, rather than the extremely cumbersome Magnusson-Moss rulemaking procedures. Senate provision requiring credit reporting companies to supply a credit score along with a credit report to a consumer who has been denied credit or charged more for it. 	Consumers who are turned down for a credit application who will finally get access to their credit score which is used by creditors. Investor Protections	Credit reporting companies who will continue to keep the most important information that a consumer needs about their credit history, their credit score, out of reach.	
Fiduciary Duty:	Average investors, who would be	Brokers and insurance agents	
 CFA supports: House provision holding broker-dealers to a fiduciary duty to act in the best interest of their clients when they give investment advice. CFA opposes: Senate provision calling for a study of fiduciary duty without authorizing the SEC to act on the results of that study. 	assured that the recommendations they receive from financial advisers are designed with their interests in mind.	who want to market themselves as advisers without having to act in the best interests of their clients.	
 Other Investor Protections: CFA Supports: Senate provisions providing for an Office of Investor Advocate, 	Investors, who will have a powerful new ally to ensure that the SEC fulfills its mandate to put the public interest before industry	Wall Street and the business community, who would continue to have the inside track in SEC policy-making, would find it	

provisions on pre-sale disclosures and a study of investor financial literacy and information needs. • House provision giving the SEC expanded oversight and enforcement powers, including with regard to aiding and abetting authority and extraterritorial jurisdiction.	interests, a stronger, more effective SEC, and better information on which to base investment decisions.	easier to avoid accountability for wrong-doing, and would continue to exploit unsophisticated investors who lack the necessary information to make informed investment decisions.	
Accounting Fraud: CFA opposes: • House provision that would exempt roughly half of all public companies – those with market caps of \$75 million or less – from the Sarbanes-Oxley law requiring them to include an assessment by the auditor in the annual financial audit of the company's policies and procedures to prevent fraud and ensure accurate financial reporting.	Investors, who will receive more accurate information on which to base investment decisions and be less likely to lose money as a result of accounting fraud.	Dishonest company managers who use accounting tricks to cook the books or misappropriate company funds.	
 Credit Rating Agencies CFA Supports: Senate provision providing strengthened independence requirements for credit rating agency boards of directors and reducing conflicts of interest by creating a new board to assign 	Having credit ratings that are no longer biased and grossly inaccurate will benefit investors who may rely on these ratings and the entire economy, since ratings will continue to be an important source of market information.	Credit rating agencies who can continue to make money through biased and inaccurate ratings and escape accountability when they fail to act responsibly.	

 initial ratings for structured finance products. House provision eliminating special protections from Securities Act liability for credit rating agencies. Derivatives CFA Supports: Senate provision on clearing and exchange-trading requirements and heightened standard of care for swaps dealers in their dealings with government entities, endowments, and pension funds. Provision to close the enforcement loophole, a problem identified by Sen. Cantwell during Senate consideration. 	Businesses, who will benefit from from both the economic stability and enhanced price competition that results from derivative regulation, and taxpayers, who will be spared the risk that they will once again be asked to rescue Wall Street from its reckless misconduct.	Wall Street firms, who make tens of billions of dollars a year in excess charges to derivatives end users and put the financial system at risk in order to promote their own profitability.	
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